



What's OPU? Ovum Pick-Up

Ultrasound-guided puncture and aspiration of ovarian follicles

IC 5.9 GYN MI 0.8 S. RUIZ, FISIOLOGIA, UMU
5.4cm / 50Hz TH 0.2 23.10.2019 11:23:43 AM
COMP PÁRDA OPU
OPU 10.00 - 3.40
Pot 100 μ
Gn 2
C6 100 μ
E1
CRI 3



OPU (Ovum Pick-Up)

- Cyclic, non-cyclic and pregnant animals (1st third)
- No response to hormonal stimuli
- With no genetic reproductive disorders
- Heifers and prepubertal heifers (from 6-8 months)
- OPU/IVEP a viable alternative to recovery animal genetic resources



OVUM PICK-UP (OPU) & IN VITRO EMBRYO PRODUCTION (IVEP)

Bovine *In Vitro* Embryo Production in Europe in 2017 (OPU/IVEP)

Country	Sessions	Oocytes	Oocytes/ Session	Embryos	Embryos/ Session	Stimulated sessions (%)	Sexed semen (%)	Dairy breeds (%)
Finland	455	3748	8,24	1211	2,66	77,4 %	17,8 %	100,0 %
France	691	6171	8,93	1756	2,54	99,0 %	18,4 %	95,7 %
Germany	1020	13880	13,61	1794	1,76	55,2 %	0,0 %	98,3 %
Italy	482	4819	10,00	818	1,70	21,6 %	40,2 %	100,0 %
Netherlands	7345	83421	11,36	16695	2,27	80,0 %	0,0 %	100,0 %
Poland	14	89	6,36	34	2,43	0,0 %	78,6 %	100,0 %
Russian Federation	7758	87120	11,23	26762	3,45	0,0 %	73,6 %	42,2 %
Spain	839	11122	13,26	2746	3,27	12,0 %	65,8 %	86,1 %
Switzerland	41	312	7,61	81	1,98	0,0 %	56,1 %	100,0 %
United Kingdom	39	415	10,64	74	1,90	0,0 %	7,7 %	7,7 %
Total	18684	211097	11,30	51971	2,78	49,0 %	35,8 %	74,9 %

11.30 oocytes/session
2.78 embryos/session

1. Russia: 41.5% OPUs, 41.3% oocytes, 51.5% embryos
2. Netherlands: 39.3%, 39.5%, 32.1%

Mikkola M. Commercial Embryo Transfer Activity in Europe 2017
34th Annual Meeting AETE. Nantes, France. 2018

Ovum Pick-Up (OPU): Alternativa emergente para a produção de embriões

Salvador Ruiz

Bovine In Vitro Embryo Production in Europe in 2018 (OPU/IVEP)

Country	Dairy						Beef						All			
	Non-stimulated			Stimulated			Non-stimulated			Stimulated			Sessions	Oocytes	Embryos	
	OPU Conv semen	OPU Sexed semen	Oocytes	Embryos	OPU Conv semen	Oocytes	Embryos	OPU Conv semen	Oocytes	Embryos	OPU Conv semen	Oocytes	Embryos			
Estonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	74	24	
Finland	368	0	1 809	67	315	0	2 946	385	0	0	0	0	0	0	683	4 755
France	206	13	924	214	277	80	3 928	831	0	0	0	0	46	0	456	1 211
Germany	809	0	11 844	2 621	0	0	0	20	0	337	89	0	0	0	829	12 181
Italy	119	0	1 327	188	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	119	1 327
Netherlands	694	85	11 300	2 502	9 750	0	104 103	27 300	0	0	0	0	0	0	10 529	115 403
Poland	4	10	112	62	0	33	324	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	436
Romania	0	0	0	0	4	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5
Russian Federation	0	831	4 621	936	0	0	0	0	300	2 461	723	0	0	0	1 131	7 082
Serbia	11	7	76	28	8	15	128	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	204
Spain	0	0	0	0	50	770	151	68	0	473	239	0	0	0	118	1 243
Switzerland	40	29	841	145	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	841
Grand Total	2 251	875	32 854	6 763	10 354	178	112 204	28 828	88	300	3 271	1 051	46	8	530	190
															14 200	148 859
																36 632

10.48 oocytes/session 1. Netherlands: 74% OPUs, 77.5% oocytes, 81% embryos
 2.59 embryos/session 2. Russia: 8%, 4.75%, 4.62%

Total OPUs: 2017 (18,684) vs. 2018 (14,200): 24.8%
 Total oocytes: 2017 (211,097) vs. 2018 (148,859): 29.5%
 Total embryos: 2017 (51,971) vs. 2018 (36,632): 29.1%

↓
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Mikkola M. Commercial Embryo Transfer Activity in Europe 2018.
 35th Annual Meeting AETE. Murcia, Spain. 2019

Bovine In Vitro Embryo Transfer in Europe in 2018

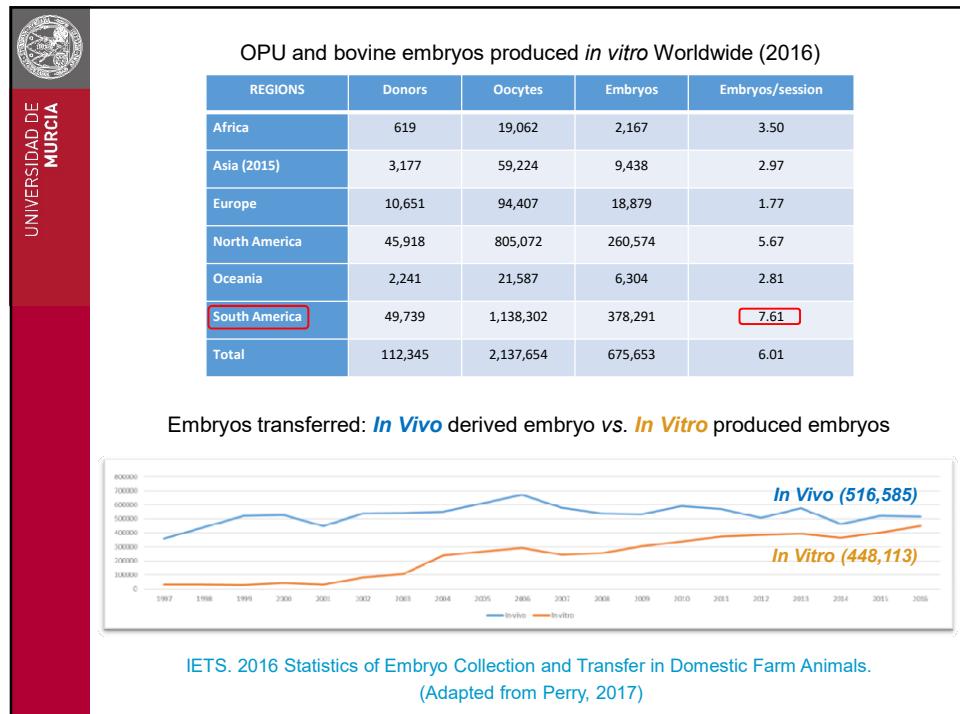
Country	OPU				Abattoir		Total transfers IVP
	Fresh	Frozen	Frozen foreign	OPU Exports	Fresh	Frozen	
Belgium	0	0	1 315	0	0	0	0
Estonia	17	0	0	0	0	0	17
Finland	19	457	0	0	0	0	476
France	369	348	54	88	0	0	859
Germany	2 007	909	0	0	0	0	2 916
Hungary	0	0	105	0	0	0	105
Italy	126	15	0	0	0	0	141
Netherlands	11 124	10 354	0	0	0	0	21 478
Poland	23	17	0	0	0	0	40
Romania	0	1	0	0	12	3	16
Russian Federation	111	521	0	0	0	0	632
Serbia	12	37	0	0	0	0	49
Spain	59	158	0	0	49	282	548
Switzerland	0	14	81	0	0	0	95
United Kingdom	0	117	0	0	0	0	117
Grand Total	13 867	12 948	1 555	88	61	285	28 804

Netherlands: 74.6% ETs

Mikkola M. Commercial Embryo Transfer Activity in Europe 2018.
 35th Annual Meeting AETE. Murcia, Spain. 2019

Ovum Pick-Up (OPU): Alternativa emergente para a produção de embriões

Salvador Ruiz



Bovine *In Vitro* Embryo Production (OPU/IVEP)

REGION / COUNTRY	BOVINE OVUM PICK-UP EMBRYOS												TRANSFERRABLE EMBRYOS														
	DONOR PREPARATION						OOCYTES						NON-STIMULATED						STIMULATED								
	CONVENTIONAL SEMEN			SEX SORTED SEMEN			NON-STIMULATED			STIMULATED			NON-STIMULATED			STIMULATED			NON-STIMULATED			STIMULATED					
Dairy	Beef	Total	Dairy	Beef	Total	Dairy	Beef	Total	Dairy	Beef	Total	Dairy	Beef	Total	Dairy	Beef	Total	Dairy	Beef	Total							
Europe	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	1	
Austria	103	0	103	111	0	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	687	0	687	790	0	790	142	0	142	320	0	320	0	0	
Finland	0	0	0	524	29	553	0	0	0	58	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
France	1311	41	1352	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1495	1009	1250	0	0	0	0	0	0	1843	20	1863	0	0	
Germany	294	20	215	513	0	513	0	0	0	68	0	68	0	4202	2455	7157	0	0	0	0	0	0	455	1015	1510	0	0
Italy	0	0	0	4736	0	4736	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Netherlands	9	0	9	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0	47	17	0	17	24	0	24	10	0	10	0	
Poland	0	0	0	0	0	0	1519	0	0	0	0	0	0	6076	0	6076	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Russian Federation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Serbia	6	0	6	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	24	56	0	56	11	0	11	24	0	24		
Spain	137	102	239	25	31	56	329	5	334	86	19	105	6569	1052	7621	1816	455	2271	1472	38	1853	543	183	726	0		
United Kingdom	53	277	330	238	217	455	15	1	16	85	0	85	697	2298	2995	3326	1295	3121	127	583	710	457	248	705	0		
Europe Total	1913	639	2552	5637	277	5914	1931	6	1937	229	19	248	2978	7354	37152	54987	2288	57255	5025	2055	7080	11110	689	11799	0		
North America	0	0	0	2629	171	2800	0	0	0	994	41	1035	0	0	0	35352	2309	37661	0	0	0	1487	1158	16045	0		
Canada	0	1170	1170	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	12450	12450	0	0	0	0	0	5700	5700	0	0	0		
Mexico	0	18085	40908	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	392273	363688	754963	0	0	0	0	0	121317	117512	238829	0	0		
United States	22823	19255	42078	2629	171	2800	0	5	5	994	41	1035	392273	37518	767411	35352	2309	37661	121317	123212	244529	1487	1158	16045	0		
North America Total	22823	19255	42078	2629	171	2800	0	5	5	994	41	1035	392273	37518	767411	35352	2309	37661	121317	123212	244529	1487	1158	16045	0		
South America	8	3042	3050	0	0	0	12	27	39	0	0	0	925	67071	67956	0	0	0	0	0	341	19893	20234	0	0		
Argentina	2088	17948	88600	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0	0	5384	62967	66969	0	0	0	0	0	38849	38867	38867	0	0		
Brazil	0	458	265	0	0	0	468	0	468	0	0	0	0	8945	8938	16261	0	0	0	0	0	2359	2125	2574	0	0	
Dominican Republic	0	371	371	0	0	0	470	0	470	0	0	0	0	7049	6612	13661	0	0	0	0	0	1581	1586	1557	0	0	
Panama	4711	319	5039	0	0	0	1121	17	1138	0	0	0	0	46703	2735	49488	0	0	0	0	0	3852	247	3039	0	0	
Peru	25677	21947	47624	0	0	0	2071	44	2115	0	0	0	0	597443	540859	113802	0	0	0	0	0	18963	184228	378291	0	0	
South America Total	51319	41120	92429	8266	726	8992	4025	377	4402	1223	109	1332	1026776	917618	1944394	90339	21192	111531	32245	30527	627422	25997	3452	29449	0		
Grand Total	51319	41120	92429	8266	726	8992	4025	377	4402	1223	109	1332	1026776	917618	1944394	90339	21192	111531	32245	30527	627422	25997	3452	29449	0		

Brazil: 25.47 oocytes/session
(2016) 8.91 embryos/session (6.3 emb↑)

1. Brazil: 42.1% OPUs, 51% oocytes, 55.3% embryos
2. USA: 44.3%, 38.8%, 38.1%

Europe: 10.48 oocytes/session
(2018) 2.59 embryos/session

IETS. 2016 Statistics of Embryo Collection and Transfer in Domestic Farm Animals. 2017



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REGION / COUNTRY	BOVINE OPU IVF EMBRYO TRANSFER				EXPORTED	
	FRESH	FROZEN		TOTAL		
		DOMESTIC	FOREIGN			
Africa	379	77	169	625	0	
South Africa	379	77	169	625	0	
Asia	0	0	0	0	0	
Europe	10424	3343	292	14059	0	
Finland	61	226	0	287	0	
France	526	543	2	1071	0	
Germany	1556	265	0	1821	0	
Italy	479	372	0	851	0	
Luxembourg	0	0	50	50	0	
Netherlands	6448	1242	0	7690	0	
Poland	17	10	0	27	0	
Russian Federation	81	47	0	128	0	
Serbia	5	30	0	35	0	
Spain	1196	413	149	1758	0	
Switzerland	0	0	91	91	0	
United Kingdom	55	195	0	250	0	
North America	80825	50672	0	131497	5165	
Canada	6375	1824	0	8199	494	
Mexico	5250	315	0	5565	0	
United States	69200	48533	0	117733	4671	
Oceania	1334	1516	0	2850	0	
Australia	3398	263	0	3661	0	
New Zealand	1334	1439	0	2773	0	
South America	230263	65235	0	295498	0	
Argentina	9531	3120	0	12651	0	
Brazil	215195	60723	0	275918	0	
Dominican Republic	1241	0	0	1241	0	
Panama	2222	367	0	2589	0	
Peru	2074	1025	0	3099	0	
Grand Total	326623	121029	461	448113	5165	

Brazil: 61.6% ETs

IETS. 2016 Statistics of Embryo Collection and Transfer in Domestic Farm Animals. 2017



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Factors affecting OPU results

Technical factors

- Follicular Aspiration Needles**
 - Disposables
 - 18-20 G
 - 40-75 cm long
- Vacuum Pump**
 - Depends aspiration device, length and diameter tubing, size and type collection vessel & needle diameter)
 - > 50 and < 120 mm Hg
 - Flow rate: 15-25 ml/min
- Ultrasonography**
 - Convex or Micro-convex transducers (6-8 MHz)
 - Linear probes, lower OPU efficiency (10-20%)
 - Aloka-500, Hitachi-EUB, Capasee-Toshiba, Medison Sonovet-600, Pie-Medical Falco-Vet, Exago-ECM, Easi-Scan BCF, GE, ...
 - Handgrips
- OPU Team and Operator Experience**
 - One or two person. Same people
 - Experience (operator and assistant) significant effect in number and quality of collected oocytes

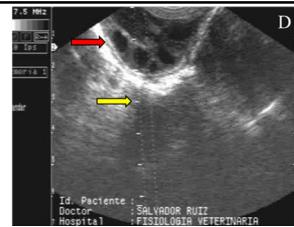




Factors affecting OPU results

Biological factors (I)

- Frequency and timing of follicle puncture
 - OPU 2/week (Mon & Thurs, 3-4 days interval)
 - OPU 1/week
- Physiological status and body condition of the donor
 - Selected healthy heifers with genetic potential for production traits
 - OPU in non-productive periods. Undernutrition has a negative effect
 - OPU exceptions: pregnant animals (after 3rd-4th mo), ovarian hypoplasia or immediate post-partum
- Individual variations
 - Donor animal is a major source of variation both the management and genetics
 - In human medicine, plasma Anti-Müllerian Hormone (AMH) levels is an important predictive parameter for assisted reproductive technologies (ARTs) success
 - Currently, controversy between authors about AMH in bovine. However, AMH can help to identify groups of very good or very poor oocyte donors
 - More studies must be conducted to determine the role of AMH levels in OPU/IVEP procedures in cattle
- Donor age
 - Very young and very old donor ages are reported as problematic situations
 - Prepubertal and aging donors commonly have poor-quality oocytes
 - Virtually all female cattle starting from 2 mo of age can be oocyte donors by follicular aspiration



OPU/IVEP

Average performance for five transvaginal ovum pick-up protocols in cattle

(Chaubal *et al.*, 2006)

Treatment	Follicles aspirated	Oocytes retrieved	Oocytes cultured	Blastocysts D7	Blastocysts D7 + 8
Per cow per session (rows 1-5)					
OPU 1/w	7.8 ± 2.4 aH	4.6 ± 1.9 aH	4.5 ± 1.9 aH	0.6 ± 0.8 aH	0.9 ± 0.9 acH
OPU 2/w	6.5 ± 2.4 a	3.9 ± 2.1 a	3.8 ± 2.0 a	0.7 ± 0.7 a	0.8 ± 0.9 a
DFR-OPU 1/w	7.3 ± 2.4 aH	5.3 ± 2.2 aH	5.2 ± 2.1 aH	1.2 ± 1.3 bI	1.4 ± 1.6 bcHJ
DFR-FSH-OPU 1/w	16.0 ± 5.0 bI	10.6 ± 4.5 bI	10.1 ± 4.4 bI	2.1 ± 1.2 bI	2.4 ± 1.4 bI
FSH-OPU 2/w	7.6 ± 2.9 a	4.9 ± 2.6 a	4.8 ± 2.6 a	0.9 ± 1.1 a	1.1 ± 1.4 ac

(Viana *et al.*, 2004)

Performance under in vitro culture^a (*n* and %) of oocytes recovered in vivo by follicle aspiration performed once (TVFA-1x) or twice (TVFA-2x) weekly, or from ovaries recovered from slaughterhouse (control) (Gyr, *B.Indicus*)

	TVFA-1x		TVFA-2x		Control	
	<i>n</i> /total	%	<i>n</i> /total	%	<i>n</i> /total	%
Selected for IVF	418/564	74.1 a	541/657	82.3 b	663	—
Cleaved	238/348	68.4 a	339/494	68.6 a	392/663	59.1 a
Greater than four cells	139/319	43.6 a	204/424	48.1 a	—	—
Blastocysts	69/319	21.6 a	135/424	31.8 b	139/663	21.0 a

Columns with different letters differ significantly (*P* < 0.05).

^a Replicates presenting problems during in vitro culture not related to the oocytes were excluded.



Factors affecting OPU results

Biological factors (II)

• Climate and season

- Heat stress suppress follicular dominance, causing follicle growth-related changes
- Number of follicles 3-8 mm in diameter per ovary and number oocytes after aspiration of follicles is higher in winter compared with summer
- *B. indicus* cattle have shown better reproductive performance than *B. taurus* in tropical and subtropical regions

• Hormonal stimulation

- Gonadotropin stimulation ranging from a full superovulatory dose to shorter treatments (2-3 days, 1-2 injec./day) in presence of a P4 releasing device or a CL
- Gonadotropins increasing size of small follicles and to the acquisition of a higher developmental competence of the oocytes
- In prepubertal calves gonadotropin stimulation is required to obtain an acceptable level of developmental competence
- Use of gonadotropin stimulation does not seem to be effective in *B. indicus* donors; it is not used in large scale programs



Factors affecting OPU results

Biological factors (III)



• Donor breed

- In *Bos taurus* not significant variation among breeds
- Significant differences between *B. indicus* breeds and *indicus-taurus* donors
- *B. indicus* breeds tend to have, on average, more follicular waves, as well as a greater number of follicles >5 mm per wave compared to *B. taurus* breeds
- Nelore cows have smaller dominant follicles and CL, and shorter estrus than *B. taurus* breeds. Physiological basis for the number of follicles in Nelore cattle has not been established
- The high number of oocytes obtained via OPU seems to be a unique characteristic of Nelore cows. However, are similar to other *B. indicus* and *B. taurus* breeds when comparing the average embryo production by MOET

Comparison of embryo yield and pregnancy rate between *in vivo* and *in vitro* methods in the same Nelore (*Bos indicus*) donor cows

J.H.F. Pontes^a, I. Nonato-Junior^a, B.V. Sanches^a, J.C. Ereno-Junior^a, S. Uvo^a, T.R.R. Barreiros^b, J.A. Oliveira^a, J.F. Hasler^d, M.M. Seneda^{b,c*}

Theriogenology 71 (2009) 690–697

Variation in embryo production among 6 Nelore cows (I–VI), comparing *in vitro* (OPU/IVF) versus *in vivo* (MOET) procedures.

	Donors (I–VI)					
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI
Total no. OPU IVF	5	5	4	4	5	5
Mean no. oocytes/collection	36.6	25.6	49	29.7	22.8	16
Mean no. viable oocytes/collection	32.2	23.4	45.2	26	19.6	14.4
Mean no. embryos/OPU IVF	15.6	10.4	24.1	10.3	6.8	3.8
Mean no. pregnancies/OPU IVF	4.8	2.8	9.25	4.3	2.2	1
Total no. MOET	2	3	2	2	2	3
Mean no. embryos/collection	10	4.3	6.5	2	12.5	5.3
Mean no. pregnant/collection	5.5	2	1	1.5	6.5	1.3



OPU equipment: ECM-IMV

OVUM PICK UP

«ALL IN ONE» TRANSDUCER FOR BOVINE AND EQUINE

The ECM OPU probe is the result of field request, analysis followed by development and testing by leading veterinarians and technicians in the field of ET and IVF. Our OPU transducer makes ultrasound ovum aspiration easier and more comfortable due to its size, lightweight and field of view.

FEATURES

- Slim design, ideal to be used on young cattle and mares
- All materials made of plastic and needle bushing accurate guidance
- Ready to use, easy and quick assembly - time saving
- Instant needle visualisation, needle track in the middle of the screen (graduated biopsy line) (Graduation scale from 0 to 10 mm)
- Compatible with short and long needles
- Usable on many species : bovine, equine, wild life animals...
- Easy and fast cleaning and disinfection

EXAGO

100% MADE IN FRANCE
WWW.ECMSCAN.COM

EXAPad

DATA SHEET / SPECIFICATIONS

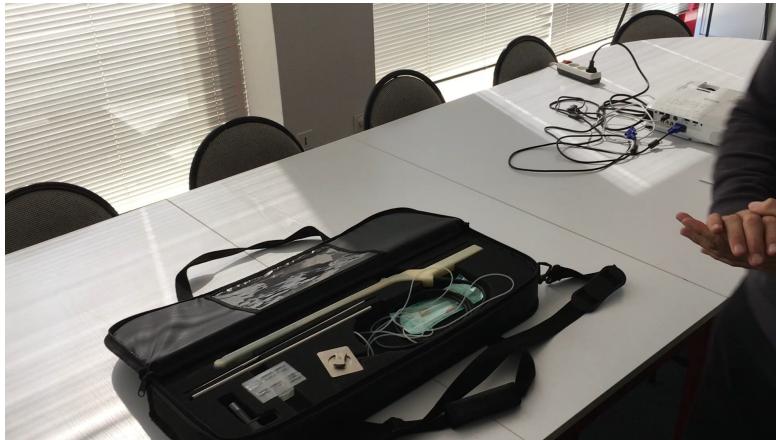
• Frequency	wideband, 0,5 MHz (B image : 5,0 – 7,5 MHz)
• Nb of elements	128
• Pitch	0,209mm
• ROC (radius of curvature)	10mm
• Ouv. Trans	8mm
• Focus lens	5mm
• FOV (field of view)	150°
• Length of guide	65,6 cm
• Weight	less than 1 kg
• Length of cable	200 cm
• Biopsy guide	graduated line (mpn orientation of image (Up/Down - Left/Right))
• Compatibility	EXAGO & EXAPAD

ACCESSORIES

- 2 choices for shorts and long needle
- 1 handle (high / low use)
- Xx short needles for Bovine - starter kit
- 1 transportation case
- 3 cannulas : 12 - 17 and 18 gauges



"All in one" transducer (ECM-IMV)



OPU equipment: MINITUBE (Bovine)



SOLUCIONES MINITUBE PARA UNA COLECCIÓN EXITOSA DE OVOCITOS

Porta-sonda de ultrasonido

- Diseño delgado permite la aspiración de ovocitos en hembras jóvenes (especialmente en combinación con una sonda pequeña).
 - Soporte de sonda está disponible para calzar con GE, SonoSite, Aluka, BCI o sonda ECM. Bajo pedido también se puede adaptar el dispositivo a otras sondas.
- | | |
|----------|------------------|
| GE | nr. : 23400/0120 |
| SonoSite | nr. : 23400/0640 |
| Aluka | nr. : 23360/0640 |
| BCI | nr. : 23400/0115 |
| ECM | nr. : 23400/0113 |

Porta-sonda de aspiración

- Tornillo de aspiración y la fijación segura de la aguja (1) proporciona una fijación segura de la aguja en su posición, no permitiendo ningún espacio interno entre la aguja y el adaptador.
- El adaptador de la aguja (2) conecta la aguja con el tubo.
- Tubo de conexión de acero inoxidable (3).
- Los mangos de forma redonda (4) permiten un posicionamiento variable de la punta distal de la aguja.



www.minitube.com

Aguja de aspiración desecharable

- Fácil y económica de remplazar
- Aguja reutilizable para cada sesión de OPU* => alto estándar higiénico
- Corta y fácil de manipular
- 100 agujas / caja

Para vacas (1,2 x 75 mm) nr. : 23360/1200

Para vaquillas (0,9 x 75 mm) nr. : 23360/1250

Set de mangueras

- Tubo de material firme.
- El complejo ovotto-cervical no se adhiere a las paredes
- Con hue-loc® para una conexión a prueba de fugas con el tapón de goma.
- 2 Estéril y ensuado individualmente

Set de mangueras nr. : 23360/1000

Accesorios

- Tapon de goma - para la conexión con tubo de 50 ml
Unreque nr. : 23360/1100
- Protector para portasondas, desechable
144 unidades/bolsa nr. : 23360/1240
- Gel para examen ultrasoníco
250 g nr. : 23400/0590
- Tubo de colección, 50 ml nr. : 17220/0017

Bomba de aspiración OPU

- Con calentador de medios
- Transferencia de vacío a la aguja extremadamente rápido
- Operada mediante pedal
- Aspiración de hasta 35 mm Hg
- Temperatura de calentamiento ajustable hasta +50°C

Bomba de aspiración, 240 V nr. : 23362/0000

Bomba de aspiración, 100 V nr. : 23362/0001

*Colección de ovocitos = Ovum Pick Up = OPU

www.minitube.com



Ovum Pick-Up (OPU): Alternativa emergente para a produção de embriões

Salvador Ruiz

OPU equipment: MINITUBE (Equine)

RECOLECCIÓN DE OVOCITOS EQUINOS

PORTA SONDA Y AGUJA DE DOBLE LUMEN PARA LA ASPIRACIÓN TRANSVAGINAL DE FOLÍCULOS (OPU)

Descripción

- El porta sonda incluye una aguja de doble lumen.
- El porta sonda se utiliza con una aguja de doble lumen ambos espacios permiten la aspiración simultánea o aspiración alternada con inyección de fluidos hacia o desde los folículos.
- La aguja de recolección (OPU) es conectada a la bomba de aspiración de ovocitos equinos, Ref. 23362/0002 (230 V) o 23362/0003 (115 V).

Sus beneficios

- El diseño delgado y ergonómico de la sonda proporciona un fácil manejo.
- El porta sonda se tempera rápidamente a la temperatura corporal.
- Un mango desmontable puede acoplarse a ambos lados si fuera necesario.
- El porta sonda se suministra dentro de una capa de transporte sólida.

Referencias

Portador de sonda de ecógrafo	
para sonda GE	art. : 19009/3100
para sonda Ecoute	art. : 19009/3101
Ajuga, 12 G, 25°, sonda de doble luz	art. : 19009/3105
Tubos desechables	art. : 19009/4101

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BOMBA OPU PARA ASPIRACIÓN DE FOLÍCULOS

Datos técnicos

- Voltaje de operación: 220-240 V~, 50-60 Hz; también disponible para 115 V
- Temperatura de entrada: +5°C hasta +45°C
- Dimensiones: 420 x 350 x 220 mm (ancho x profundidad x altura)
- Peso: igrox. (14 kg)
- Presión relativa negativa: P_0 – máx. -300 mmHg
- Presión: máx. aprox. 750 mm Hg

Referencias

Bomba OPU para aspiración de folículos en equinos art. : 23362/0002

www.minitube.com

OPU equipment

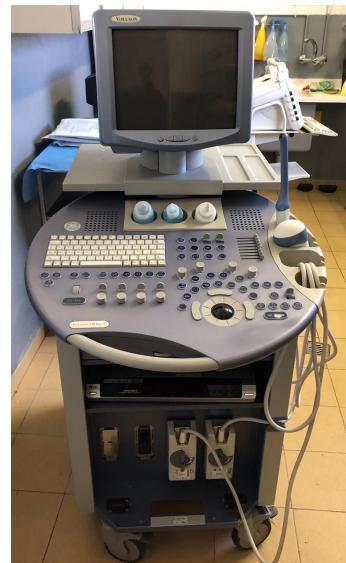
- Ultrasound scanner (FalcoVET)
- Transvaginal probe (R-10, 5-7.5 MHz)
- OPU "handgrip" (60 cm)
- Punction guide
- Disposable punction needles (18 G, 1.2 x 40 mm)





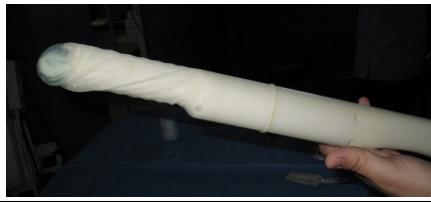
OPU equipment

- Ultrasound scanner (GE, Voluson 730 P)
- Transvaginal probe (IC5-9, 5-9 MHz)
- OPU "handgrip" (60 cm)



OPU equipment

- Vacuum pump (70 mm Hg) (footpedal)
- Water bath (38°C)
- Probe cover (ultrasound gel)
- PBS (heparine 0.01%, FCS 1%)



Ovum Pick-Up (OPU): Alternativa emergente para a produção de embriões

Salvador Ruiz



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<u>PROTOCOLO ESTIMULACIÓN OVÁRICA PARA DEMO OPU DIA 14 DIC</u> <u>(DEMO OPU Santarem)</u>		
FECHA	MAÑANA (8:00)	TARDE (20:00)
Lunes 2 DIC	Poner CIDR* (Zoetis) GnRH (Cystoreline, Ceva) 4 ml	
Sábado 7 DIC		PGF2a (Dinolityc, Zoetis) 5 ml Retirar CIDR
Domingo 8 DIC		PGF2a (Dinolityc) 5 ml
Martes 10 DIC	GnRH (Cystoreline) 4 ml	
Miércoles 11 DIC		FSH** (Pluset, Calier) 2.5 ml
Jueves 12 DIC	FSH (Pluset) 2 ml	FSH (Pluset) 1.5 ml
Viernes 13 DIC	FSH (Pluset) 1 ml	
Sábado 14 DIC		OPU

Observaciones:

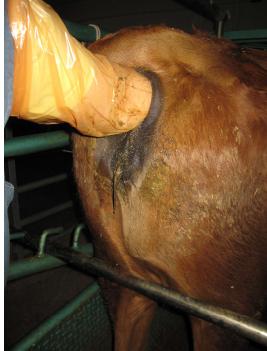
- *CIDR es opcional. Si NO pones CIDR, el protocolo empieza Martes 10.
- **FSH (Pluset, Calier): 7 ml por vaca (350 UI) repartidas en 4 inyecciones.
1 caja de Pluset lleva 2 viales de 500 UI y un diluyente de 21 ml (para 3 vacas).



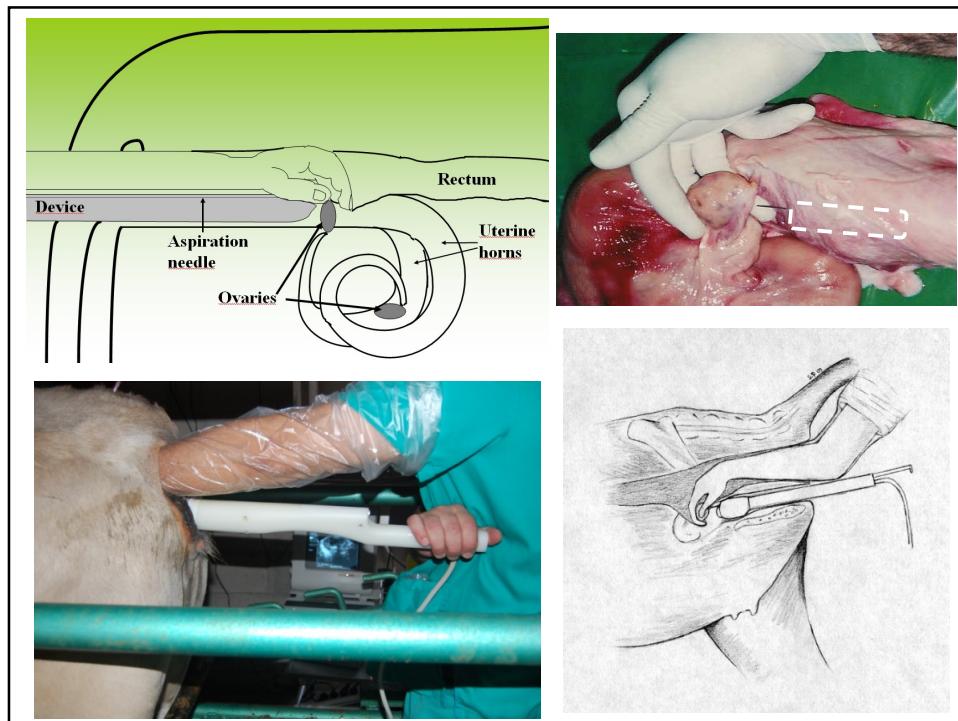

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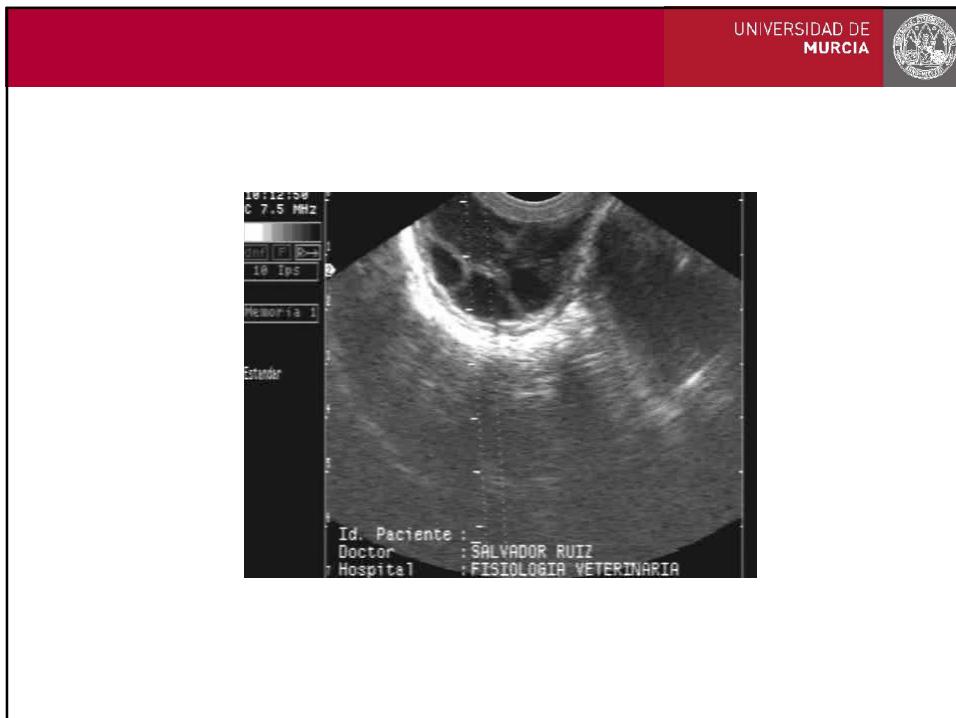
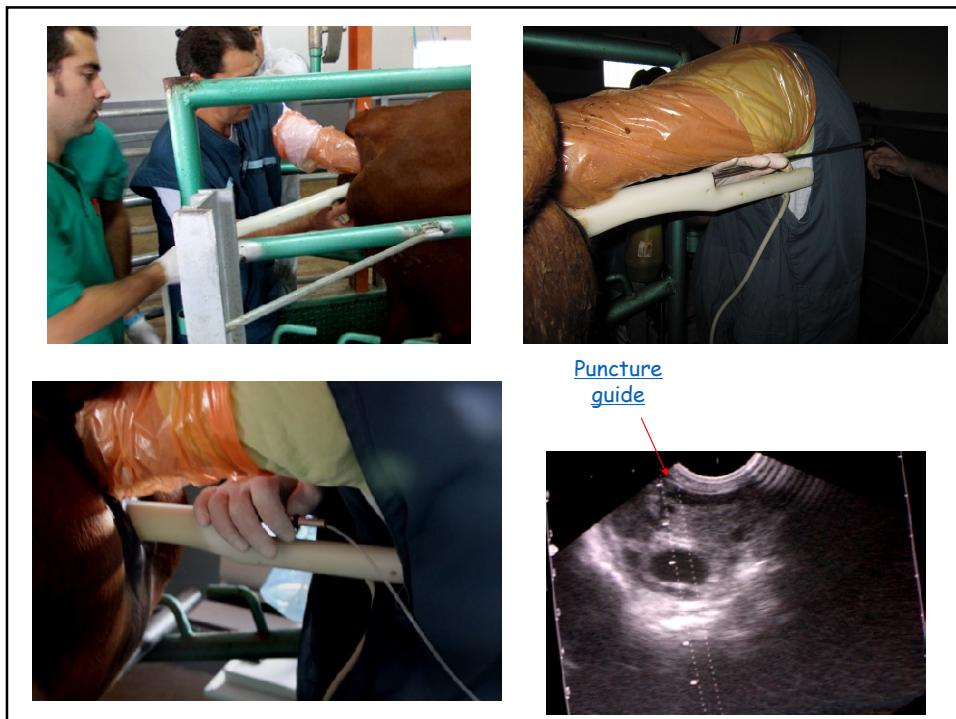


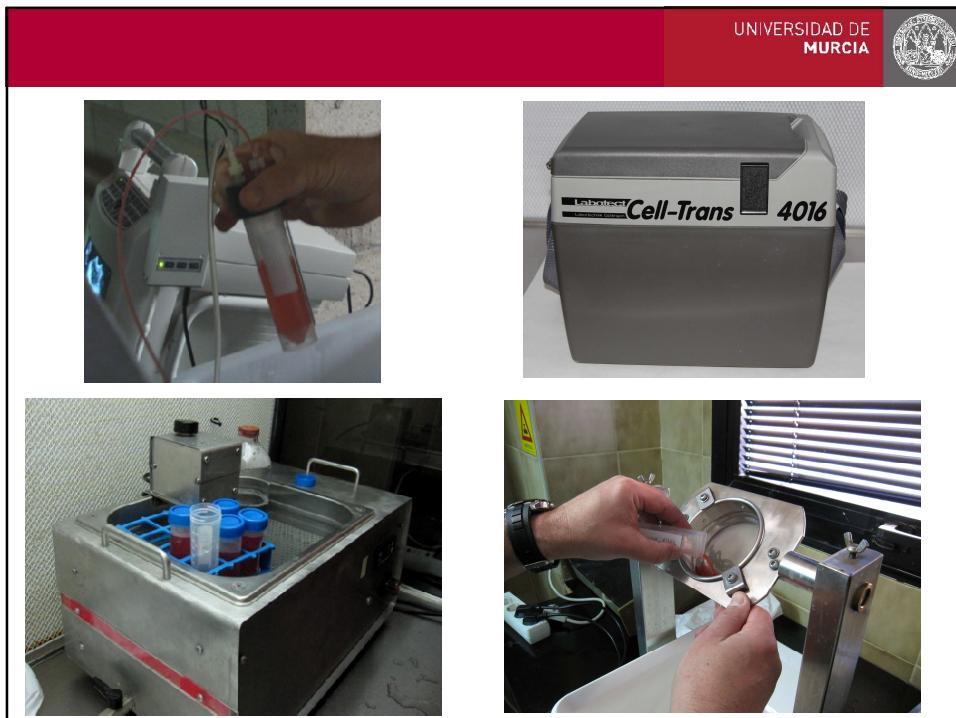
- **Donor preparation**
 - Restrain and waxing, Rectum cleaning
 - Perineal area and vulva cleaning
 - Palpation and rectal examination
 - Revision and Fix ovaries
- **Drugs treatment pre-OPU**
 - Analgesia: carprofen (Rimadyl, 10-12 ml, s.c.)
 - Tranquilization: xylazine 2% (Rompun or Nerfasin, 0.6-0.9 ml, i.m.)
 - Epidural anesthesia: lidocaine (Anesvet, 3-6 ml)





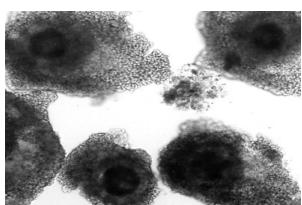






CCOs classification

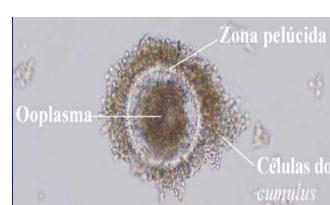
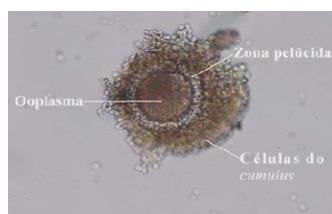
(Oropeza et al., 2004)

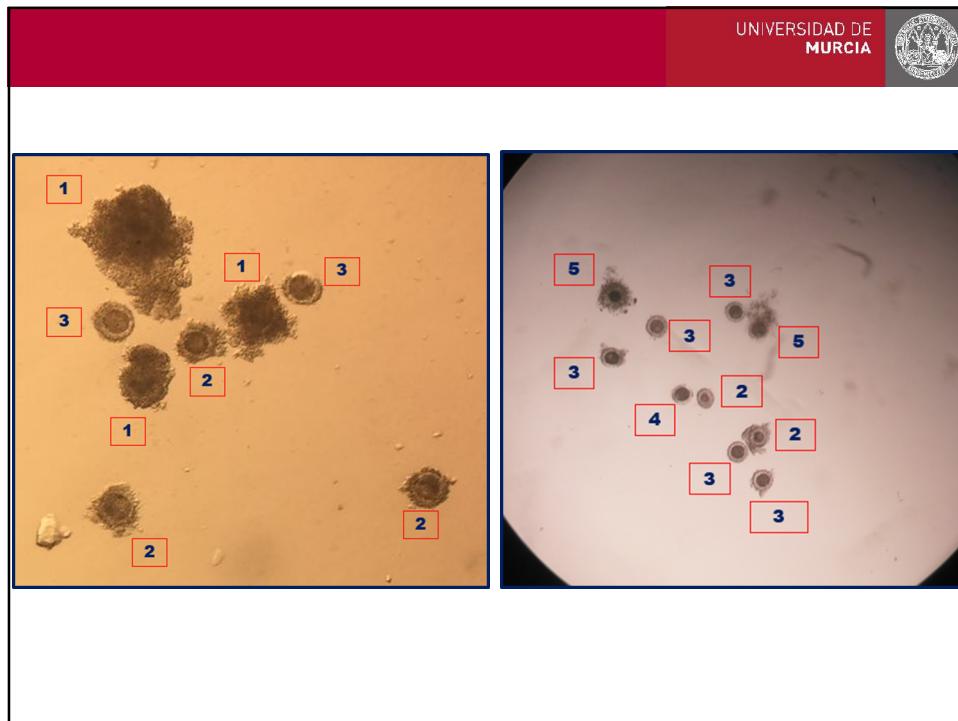
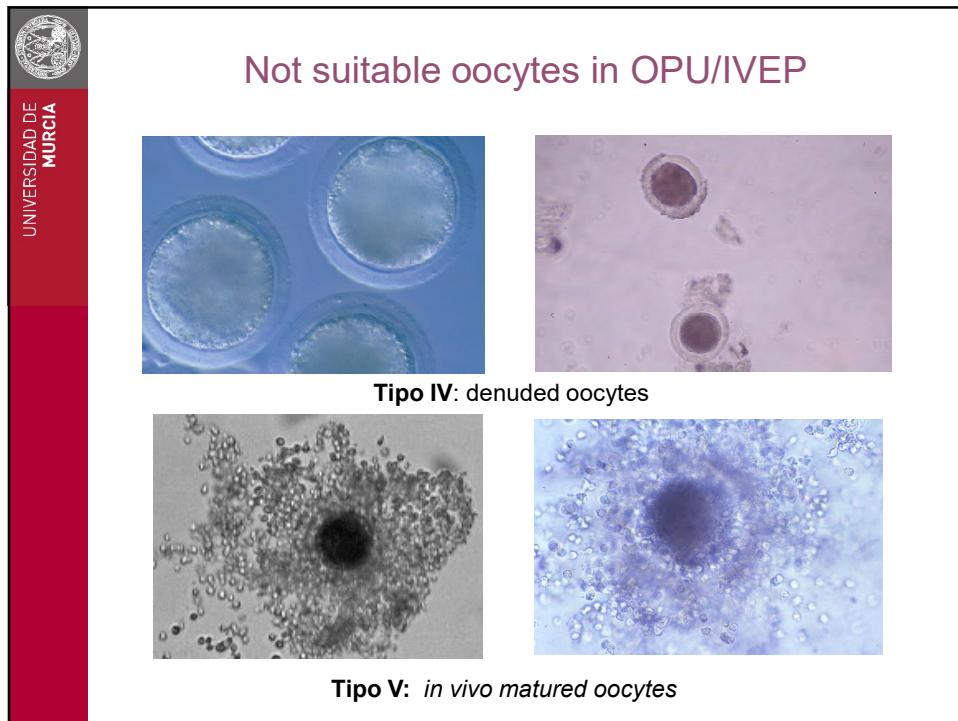


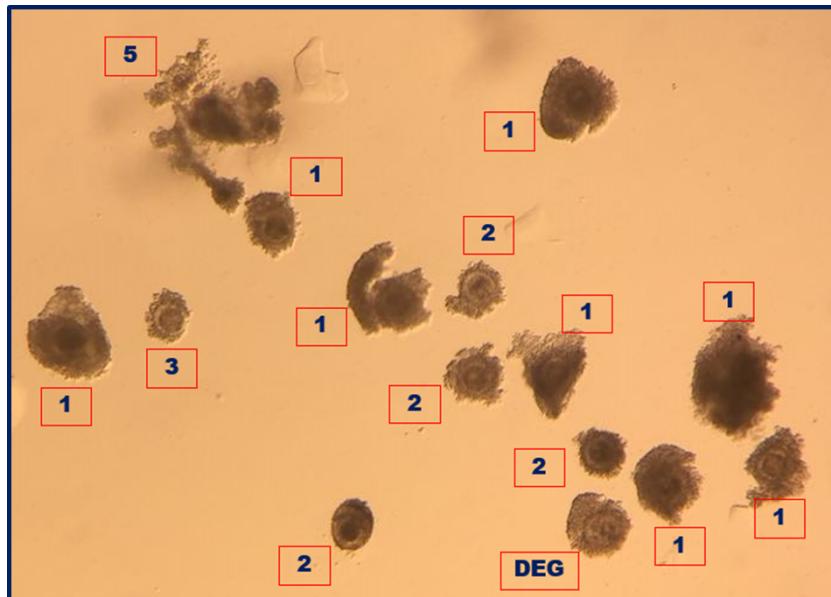
Type I oocytes (very good quality):

- Dark and homogeneous ooplasm
- Many layers of *cumulus* cells

Types II and III oocytes (good and intermediate quality): Homogeneous, clear or pigmented ooplasm. Fewer layers *cumulus* cells



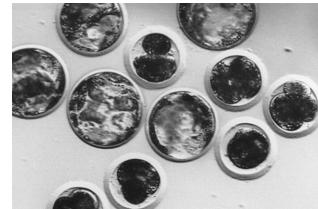
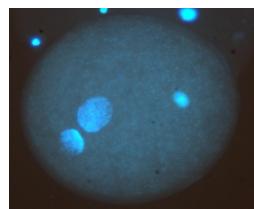
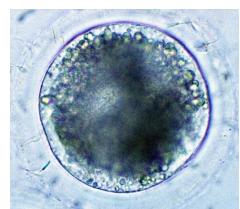
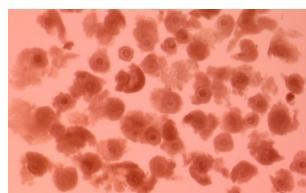




OVUM PICK-UP (OPU) & IN VITRO EMBRYO PRODUCTION (IVEP)

- IVEP steps:

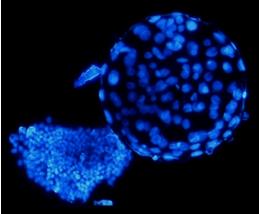
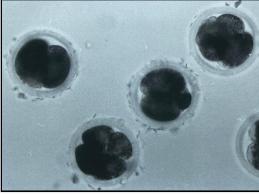
- **In Vitro Maturation (IVM)**
- **In Vitro Fertilization (IVF)**
- **In Vitro Culture (IVC)**



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IVEP

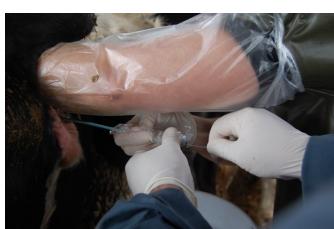
- **IVM:** TCM-199 (24 h, 38.5°C, 5%CO₂)
- Semen: *Swim-up*. Density Gradients (Percoll®, Bovipure®) 1 x 10⁶ spz/ml
- **IVF:** SPERM-TALP & FIV-TALP (22h, incubation)
- **IVC:** SOF + 5% FCS (38.5°C, 5%CO₂, 5%O₂)
- Cleavage: 48 h
- Blastocysts: 7 d
- IVEP Efficiency:
 - IVM: 90%
 - IVF: 80%
 - IVC: 35-40%



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OPU/IVEP yield

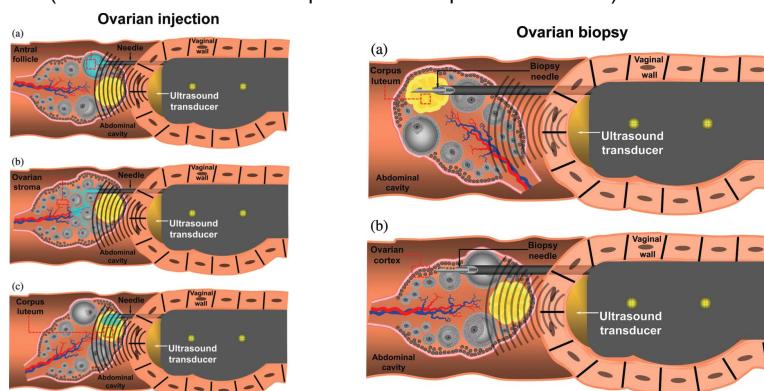
- IVM: 90%
- IVF: 80%
- Blastocysts rate (IVC): 35-40%
- Pregnancy rate after ET: < 50%
- 10 -15 offspring/100 oocytes in culture





Other uses of OPU in cattle

- Tool for interfering with follicle dynamics to investigate its regulatory mechanisms
- Eliminate the deleterious effect of a dominant follicle during superovulation in cows, by puncturing the dominant follicle 38-46 h prior to superovulatory treatment
- Therapeutic effect on infertile donors, especially affected by ovarian cysts. Safe and good method for the manual, active rupturing of cysts during rectal palpation
- Source of oocytes for studies of IVF, IVEP, cloning and transgenesis. Also, in ARTs for the recovery and conservation of endangered bovine breeds
- Other uses of OPU: injections (ovarian intrafollicular, ovarian stroma, intraluteal). Biopsies (CL and ovarian stroma for primordial and preantral follicles)



OPU in other species

- **OPU in Buffaloes:** some countries interested in reproduction biotechnologies in buffaloes (Italy, Argentina, China, India). OPU has great potential because MOET programs have given poor results compared with cattle. Ovaries are small and the follicles tend to be fewer and of small diameter. OPU with sexed semen and cryopreservation accelerates genetic gain in buffalo industry
- **OPU in Equine:** using a double-lumen 12G needle. In preovulatory follicle (> 35 mm) oocytes can be collected, 24 h after hCG with the donor showing signs of uterine edema. For OPU equine immature oocytes, aspirate follicles (8-10 follicles >1 cm) preferably without dominant follicle (transition season). Oocyte recovery rates from immature follicles is low because large size of follicles and the strong attachment to the follicle wall of COCs. It is necessary to use double lumen needles for repeated flushing, up to 8 to 10 times for each follicle

Embryo production by ovum pick up (OPU) in Mediterranean Buffalo (Galli et al. unpublished).

C. Galli et al. / Theriogenology 81 (2014) 138–151

No. of OPU	No. of follicles	No. of oocytes	No. cleaved	Cleavage (%)	No. of embryos	No. of embryos per OPU	% embryos/oocytes	% embryos/cleaved
123	1392	815	389	47.73	132	1.07	16.20	33.93





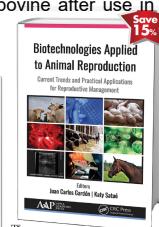
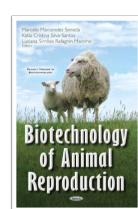
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OVUM PICK UP (OPU) en bovinos:
Aplicaciones en Biotecnología
de la reproducción

Dr. Salvador Ruiz López
Dpto. Fisiología, Facultad de Veterinaria
Universidad de Murcia
E-mail: rsruiz@um.es - www.um.es/gp-ovopu



Ovum Pick Up and In Vitro Production in the
bovine after use in several generations:
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A.M. van Wagendonk-de Leeuw*

Ovum pick up, intracytoplasmic sperm injection and somatic cell nuclear transfer in cattle, buffalo and horses: from the research laboratory to clinical practice

Cesare Galli ^{a,b,c,*}, Roberto Duchi ^b, Silvia Colleoni ^b, Irina Lagutina ^{a,c}



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